## Greendelta

sustainability consulting + software

#### Webinar What's new in PSILCA 2.0

Franziska Eisfeldt GreenDelta GmbH

14 December 2017



# Agenda



## Agenda

- 1. About PSILCA
- 2. What's new in PSILCA 2.0?
- 3. PSILCA variants
- **4**. More information





## About PSILCA



#### **PSILCA**

Product Social Inventory Life Cycle Assessment

- Database for S-LCA
- Calculate and assess social impacts of products along life cycles
- Detect social hotspots





#### Eora as backbone

Eora MRIO database as backbone (Lenzen et al.):

- 189 individual countries represented by a total of 14,838 sectors (classified by entity: industries and commodities)
- high-resolution heterogeneous classification, or 26sector harmonized classification
- Monetary process connections



# **Structure of processes**

UK 🖿

Commodities

Industries

# 26 harmonized sectors (industries) for Afghanistan

# 1022 detailed sectors (industries and commodities) for UK

Processes PSILCA Afghanistan Industries P Agriculture - AF P Construction - AF P Education, Health and Other Services - AF P Electricity, gas, and water supply - AF P Financial Intermediation and Business Activities - AF P Fishing - AF P Hotels and Restaurants - AF P Maintenance and Repair - AF P Manufacture of electrical machinery and equipment - AF P Manufacture of food products and beverages - AF P Metal Products - AF P Mining and Quarrying - AF P Other Manufactures - AF P Others - AF P Petroleum, Chemical and Non-Metallic Mineral Products - AF P Post and telecommunications - AF P Private Households - AF P Public Administration - AF P Recycling - AF P Re-export and Re-import - AF P Retail Trade - AF P Textiles and Wearing Apparel - AF P Transport - AF P Transport Equipment - AF P Wholesale Trade - AF P Wood and Paper - AF

#### P Accounting, book-keeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy - GB P Activities of business, employers and professional organisations - GB P Activities of membership organisations n.e.c. - GB P Activities of other transport agencies - GB P Activities of trade unions - GB P Activities of travel agencies and tour operators; tourist assistance activities n.e.c. - GB P Adult and other education - GB P Advertising - GB P Agricultural services; landscape gardeners etc. - GB P Air passenger transport - GB P Aluminium ores and concentrates - GB P Aluminium production - GB P Ancillary activities related to printing - GB P Animal husbandry service activities, except veterinary activities - GB P Architectural and engineering activities and related technical consultancy - GB P Artistic and literary creation and interpretation - GB P Auxiliary financial services - GB P Bacon and ham production - GB P Banking - GB

P Abrasive product manufacturing - GB

- P Bars GB
- P Bookbinding GB
- P Botanical and zoological gardens and nature reserve activities GB
- P Building and repairing of pleasure and sporting boats GB
- P Building and repairing of ships GB



### **Social indicators**

 Social indicators and its structure mainly inspired by UNEP/SETAC guidance book, PRé Roundtable, own research:

STAKEHOLDER (Workers, Local communities, Value chain actors, Society, Consumers)

> SUBCATEGORY (Fair salary, Discrimination, Indigenous rights...) INDICATOR

> > (qualitative and quantitative ones)



## **Social indicators**

#### Indicator structure in openLCA

Social indicators Local Community	Social indicat	tor: W	/omen in the sectoral labour force
<ul> <li>Access to material resources</li> <li>Local Employment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>General information</li> </ul>	rmation	
<ul> <li>Migration</li> <li>International Migrant Stock</li> <li>International migrant workers in the sector</li> <li>Net migration rate</li> <li>Respect of indigenous rights</li> <li>Safe and healthy living conditions</li> </ul>	Name [	Women Explanat country	in the sectoral labour force tion of unit of measurement: Ratio between the share of women employed in a sector out of total active female population in a and the share of men and women working in the same sector out of total active population in the country
<ul> <li>Society</li> <li>Value Chain Actors</li> <li>Workers</li> <li>Child labour</li> <li>Discrimination</li> <li>Fair Salary</li> <li>Living wage, per month</li> <li>Minimum wage, per month</li> </ul>	Category Version 0 UUID [ Last change	Work 00.00.001 231c734	xers > Discrimination <ul> <li></li></ul>
Sector average wage, per month	<ul> <li>Additional inf</li> </ul>	formatio	n
<ul> <li>Forced Labour</li> <li>Freedom of association and collective bargaining</li> <li>Health and Safety (Workers)</li> <li>Social benefits, legal issues</li> <li>Working time</li> </ul>	Unit of measur Evaluation sch	rement ema	ratio 1 = no risk; 0.8-<1 or >1-1.5 = very low risk; 0.6-<0.8 or >1.5 = low risk; 0.4-<0.6 = medium risk; 0.2-<0.4 = high risk; <0.2 = very high risk; not applicable; no data
Screenshots from openLCA			~

Activity variable



#### **Indicator assessment**

- Assessed by an ordinal risk scale of different risk and opportunity levels
  - Modelled as elementary output flows per process
  - Quantified by worker hours
  - Reliability/ validity assessed by data quality indicators



## **Data quality**

 Data quality assessed by a square, pedigree matrix (based on Weidema and Wesnæs (1996), but adapted to social LCA, Ciroth and Franze 2014)





### **Indicator assessment**

- Assessed by an ordinal risk scale of different risk and opportunity levels
  - Modelled as elementary output flows per process
  - Quantified by worker hours
  - Reliability/ validity assessed by data quality indicators
- Both the indicator values and the risk evaluation schemes are provided

 $\rightarrow$  Risk levels can be modified individually



### **Process outputs in PSILCA**

#### Outputs

Flow	Category	Amount	Unit	 Uncer	Α.	Data quality entry
Fy Presence of anti-competitive behaviour or violation of anti-trust and monopoly legislation; low risk	Value Chain Actors/Fair Competition	0.00478	📟 h	none		(2;2;5;1;2)
Fa Presence of business practices deceptive or unfair to consumers; very low risk	Consumers/Transparency	0.00478	📼 h	none		(2;3;1;3;1)
Fa Presence of indigenous population; no risk	Local Community/Respect of indigenous	0.00478	💷 h	none		(5;5;5;5;5)
Fa Presence of sufficient safety measures; high risk	Workers/Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00478	💷 h	none		(1;2;1;4;2)
Fa Public expenditure on education; high risk	Society/Contribution to economic develo	0.00478	💷 h	none		(1;1;4;1;0)
Fa Public sector corruption; low risk	Value Chain Actors/Corruption	0.00478	💷 h	none		(4;3;1;1;0)
Fa Rate of fatal accidents at workplace; very low risk	Workers/Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;3;4;1;3)
Fa Rate of non-fatal accidents at workplace; high risk	Workers/Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;3;4;1;3)
Fa Right of Association; no risk	Workers/Freedom of association and coll	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;3;3;1;4)
Fa Right of Collective bargaining; no risk	Workers/Freedom of association and coll	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;3;3;1;4)
Fa Right to Strike; no risk	Workers/Freedom of association and coll	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;3;3;1;4)
Fa Sanitation coverage; very low risk	Local Community/Safe and healthy living	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;1;2;1;0)
Fa Sector average wage, per month; very low risk	Workers/Fair Salary	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;2;2;1;1)
Fa Social responsibility along the supply chain; very high risk	Value Chain Actors/Promoting social resp	0.00478	📟 h	none		(2;4;2;1;2)
Fa Social security expenditures; low risk	Workers/Social benefits, legal issues	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;1;4;1;4)
Fa Trade union density; very high risk	Workers/Freedom of association and coll	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;2;4;1;5)
Fa Trafficking in persons; very low risk	Workers/Forced Labour	0.00478	💷 h	none		(2;1;1;1;0)
Fa Unemployment rate in the country low risk	Local Community/Local Employment	0.00478	🕮 h	none		(2-1-1-1-0)

Screenshot from openLCA



#### **Data documentation**

#### Social aspects in process

#### Social assessment

Name	Raw value	Risk level	Activity variable	Data quality	Comment	Source
🗸 📙 Workers						
Discrimination						
🚢 Gender wage gap	23.60777462 [%]	High risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;2;1;2)	Data from: 2015; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	🛄 ILOstat 2017: Gender wage gap
🚢 Women in the sectoral labour force	0.585858628 [ratio]	Medium risk	0.004779810340	(2;2;2;1;2)	Percentage of women employed in the se	💷 ILO 2015: Employment by sector
🚢 Men in the sectoral labour force	1.363636416 [ratio]	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;2;2;1;2)	Percentage of men employed in the secto	🛄 ILO 2015: Employment by sector
🗸 📒 Social benefits, legal issues						
🚢 Social security expenditures	18.575 [% of GDP]	Low risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;4;1;4)	Mean value over available years between	💷 ILO 2015: Social Security
Evidence of violations of laws and employment	4.117161894 [# per 1	Medium risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;1;5;5)	Data from: 2015; Last update: 10-Feb-2016	USDOL 2015: Violations of emplo
Freedom of association and collective bargaining						
🚢 Right to Strike	3 [Score]	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;3;1;4)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	ICTWSS 2015: Workers` rights
🚢 Trade union density	17.7 [%]	Very high risk	0.004779810340	(2;2;4;1;5)	Data from: 2013; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 ILOstat 2017: Trade union density
🚢 Right of Association	3 [Score]	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;3;1;4)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	ICTWSS 2015: Workers` rights
Right of Collective bargaining	3 [Score]	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;3;1;4)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	ICTWSS 2015: Workers` rights
🗸 📒 Child labour						
🚢 Children in employment, female	0 [% of female childr	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;4;3;1;5)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 World Bank 2017: Child Labour
🚢 Children in employment, total	0 [% of children]	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;4;3;1;5)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 World Bank 2017: Child Labour
🚢 Children in employment, male	0 [% of male children ]	No risk	0.004779810340	(2;4;3;1;5)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 World Bank 2017: Child Labour
🗸 📒 Health and Safety (Workers)						
Rate of fatal accidents at workplace	1.77 [#/yr and 100k e	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;4;1;3)	Data from: 2010; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 ILOstat 2014: Non-fatal accidents
🚢 DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water	0.768970284 [DALY r	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;5;1;4)	Data from: 2004; Last update: 1-Feb-2016	WHO 2009: DALYs
Presence of sufficient safety measures	62.07554072 [# per 1	High risk	0.004779810340	(1;2;1;4;2)	Data from: 2017; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	USDOL 2013: OSHA violations
🚢 Rate of non-fatal accidents at workplace	2371 [#/yr and 100k	High risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;4;1;3)	Data from: 2015; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 ILOstat 2014: Fatal accidents
Workers affected by natural disasters	0.007852687 [%]	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;2;1;4)	Data from: 2014; Last update: 1-Feb-2016	DAT 2015: Natural disasters
✓ Forced Labour						
🚢 Goods produced by forced labour	0 [Y/N]	No data	0.004779810340	(5;5;5;5;5)	Data provided as yes (1) or no (0); no prod	USDOL 2014: Forced Labour
🚢 Trafficking in persons	1 [Tier]	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;1;1;1;n.a.)	Data from: 2016; Last update: 30-Apr-2017	💷 U.S. Department of State 2017: Tr
🚢 Frequency of forced labour	0.18 [per mil]	Very low risk	0.004779810340	(2;3;1;2;5)	Data from: 2016; Last update: 25-Oct-2017	Walk Free Foundation 2017: Forc





# What's new in PSILCA 2.0?



## **Updated indicators**

- Current sources and data were used
  - Either same sources as before or other sources that suit better
- More current values
- Larger country and/ or sector coverage
- Other calculation of indicator values
- Adapted evaluation of risks
- Updated risk scales

Changes documented in PSILCA manual (Eisfeldt, Ciroth 2017)

#### [Changes to PSILCA version 1:

- More current values for most countries
- Larger country coverage
- Updated risk scale]



## **New indicators**

#### • 12 new indicators:

Stakeholder	Subcategory	Indicator	Unit of measurement
Morkors	Discrimination	Women in the sectoral labour force	ratio
WORKERS	Discrimination	Men in the sectoral labour force	ratio
Value chain actors	Promoting social responsibility	Social responsibility along the supply chain	# per 100,000 employees
Society	Health and Safety	Life expectancy at birth	Years
Society	Contribution to economic development	Contribution of the sector to economic development	% of GDP
		Contrib. of sector to env. load, CO, I-AIR-CO_agg	kg, emission to air, total
		Contrib. of sector to env. load, NMVOC, I-AIR-NMVOC_agg	kg, emission to air, total
Local communities		Contrib. of sector to env. load, NOx, I-AIR-NOx_agg	kg, emission to air, total
Local communities	Sale and healthy living conditions	Contrib. of sector to env. load, PM10, I-AIR-PM10_agg	kg, emission to air, total
		Contrib. of sector to env. load, SO2, I-AIR-SO2_agg	kg, emission to air, total
		Contrib. of sector to env. load, CO2-equiv, I-GHG-CO2eTOTAL_agg	kg, emission to air, total, CO2 equiv.
Consumers	Transparency	Presence of business practices deceptive or unfair to consumers	# per 10,000 employees

# • Total of 65 indicators addressing 19 subcategories and 5 stakeholders

New indicators documented in PSILCA manual (Eisfeldt, Ciroth 2017)

#### 4.3.2.2 New indicator: Life expectancy at birth

This indicator is useful to reveal critical living conditions in different con indication of a good/ bad national health system.



#### **Positive evaluation: Process**

#### Indicator: Contribution of the sector to economic development

 $\times$ 

LCa

	Raw value	22.8089	22.8089								
	Activity variable (Working hours)	-0.00477981034068835				-	in				
	Risk level	Medium opportunity				``	-				
	Source	No opportunity High opportunity Medium opportunity									
		Low opportunity					<b>↓</b>				
	Data quality	Very low risk Low risk Medium risk High risk Very high risk No data Not applicable Reliability of the source Completeness conform Temporal conformance	ance								
Screenshots from openLCA		Further technical confor	ormance								
								$\mathbf{n}$			
Fo Children in employment, total; no	risk	W	Vorkers/C	hild lat	our				0.00478	ŀ	ı
For Contribution of the sector to econo	omic development; medium o	opportunity S	ociety/Co	ontribut	tion to	econo	mic development		-0.00478		I
M Contribution of the sector to enviro	onmental load, CO, I-AIR-CO_	_agg; low risk L	ocal Com	nmunity	//Safe	and he	althy living conditio	ons	0.00478		1

#### **Positive evaluation: Results**

#### Top 5 direct process contributions



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### **Positive evaluation: Results**

#### Impact contributions

Name	Category	Inventor	Impact factor	Impact re	Unit
Contribution to economic development				-0.09528	CE med
P Finance and insurance - RU	Russia / Industries			-0.00490	CE med
F Contribution of the sector to economic development; high opportunity	Society / Contributi	-0.00049 h	10.00000 CE me	-0.00490	CE med
P Health and social work - RU	Russia / Industries			-0.00474	CE med
F Contribution of the sector to economic development; high opportunity	Society / Contributi	-0.00047 h	10.00000 CE me	-0.00474	CE med
P Metal Products - CN	China / Commoditi			-0.00348	CE med
F Contribution of the sector to economic development; high opportunity	Society / Contributi	-0.00035 h	10.00000 CE me	-0.00348	CE med
P Other general industrial machinery - CN	China / Commoditi			-0.00284	CE med
P Manufacture of basic metals - FI	Finland / Industries			-0.00245	CE med
P Manufacture of basic metals - FI	Finland / Commodi			-0.00237	CE med
P Other special industrial equipment - CN	China / Commoditi			-0.00231	CE med

#### **Contribution tree**





#### GreenDeLTa

	1	2	3	4	5
Reliability of the source(s)	Statistical study, or verified data from primary data collection from several sources	Verified data from primary data collection from one single source or non- verified data from primary sources, or data from recognized secondary sources	Non-verified data partly based on assumptions or data from non-recognized sources	Qualified estimate (e.g. by expert)	Non-qualified estimate or unknown origin
Completeness conformance	Complete data for country-specific sector / country	Representative selection of country- specific sector / country	Non-representative selection, low bias	Non-representative selection, unknown bias	Single data point / completeness unknown
lemporal conformance	Less than 1 year of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 2 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 3 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Less than 5 years of difference to the time period of the dataset	Age of data unknown or data with more than 5 years of difference to the time period of the dataset
Geographical conformance	Data from same geography (country)	Country with similar conditions or average of countries with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with large share; or country with slightly different conditions	Average of countries with different conditions, geography under study included, with small share; or not included	Data from unknown o distinctly different regions
Further technical conformance	Data from same technology (sector)	Data from similar sector, e.g. within the same sector hierarchy; or average of sectors with similar technology	Data from slightly different sector, or average of different sectors, sector under study included, with large share	Average of different sectors, sector under study included, with small share; or not included	Data with unknown technology / sector or from distinctly different sector



Calculation prope	rties		$\times$
)ata quality prop	erties		
Please select the pro	perties for the data quality assessment		
Process schema			~
Flow schema	III PSILCA data quality system for social data		۷
Aggregation type	Weighted average		۷
Rounding mode	Up		۷
n.a. value handling	Exclude zero values		~



#### **Inventory results**

Name	Category	Sub-category	Amount	Unit	R	С	Т	G	F
🦻 Fy Presence of sufficient safety measures; high risk	Workers	Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00538	h	1	2	1	4	2
> For Presence of sufficient safety measures; medium risk	Workers	Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00119	h	1	2	1	4	2
F <sub>9</sub> Public expenditure on education; high risk	Society	Contribution to economic development	0.00658	h	1	1	4	1	
Fø Public sector corruption; low risk	Value Chain Actors	Corruption	0.00658	h	4	3	1	1	
> 🦌 Rate of fatal accidents at workplace; very low risk	Workers	Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00658	h	2	3	4	1	3
> 😽 Rate of non-fatal accidents at workplace; high risk	Workers	Health and Safety (Workers)	0.00658	h	2	3	4	1	3
Fø Right of Association; no risk	Workers	Freedom of association and collective b	0.00658	h	2	3	3	1	4
> 🖡 Right of Collective bargaining; no risk	Workers	Freedom of association and collective b	0.00658	h	2	3	3	1	4
> 😼 Right to Strike; no risk	Workers	Freedom of association and collective b	0.00658	h	2	3	3	1	4
Fa Sanitation coverage: very low risk	Local Community	Safe and healthy living conditions	0.00658	h	2	1	2	1	



#### Impact assessment

Name	Category	Inventory result	Impact fac	Impact result	Unit	R	С	Т	G	F
Trade unionism				4.75824	τυ	2	2	4	1	5
Social responsibility along the supply chain				4.25214	SR	2	4	2	1	2
Sanitation coverage				4.05952	SC	2	1	2	1	
I Non-fatal accidents				3.00488	NFA.	. 2	3	5	1	2
▷ IE Active involvement of enterprises in corruption and bribery				2.21009	AI	2	2	2	2	3
E Contribution to environmental load				2.07539	CS	2	2	2	1	1
Women in the sectoral labour force				2.05034	W	2	2	2	1	2
▷ II Public sector corruption				1.98710	Cm.	4	3	1	1	
a 📳 Certified environmental management system				1.93374	CM.	1	4	2	1	4
P Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles and their engine	USA / Industries			0.05046	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
F Certified environmental management systems; very high risk	Local Communit	0.00050 h	100.00000 C	0.05046	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
P Manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles and their engine	USA / Commodit			0.04679	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
F Certified environmental management systems; very high risk	Local Communit	0.00047 h	100.00000 C	0.04679	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
P Metallurgy products - ES	Spain / Commod			0.04350	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
F Certified environmental management systems; very high risk	Local Communit	0.00044 h	100.00000 C	0.04350	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
P Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipr	Portugal / Comm			0.04238	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
P Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipr	Portugal / Industr			0.04141	CM.	1	5	2	1	4
P Other general industrial machinery - CN	China / Commod			0.03465	CM.	1	5	2	1	4



- Value added provided as alternative activity variable
- Calculated as difference between inputs and outputs of each process
- Measured in USD

• Outputs			
Flow	Category	Amount	Unit
For Active involvement of enterprises in corruption and bribery; medium risk	Value Chain Actors/Corruption	0.45204	💷 USD
Fo Certified environmental management systems; high risk	Local Community/Access to material resources	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fø Children in employment, female; no risk	Workers/Child labour	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fø Children in employment, male; no risk	Workers/Child labour	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fø Children in employment, total; no risk	Workers/Child labour	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fo DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water pollution; very low risk	Workers/Health and Safety (Workers)	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fo Drinking water coverage; very low risk	Local Community/Safe and healthy living conditions	0.45204	🚥 USD
For Evidence of violations of laws and employment regulations; medium risk	Workers/Social benefits, legal issues	0.45204	🚥 USD
For Extraction of biomass (related to area); very high risk	Local Community/Access to material resources	0.45204	🚥 USD
For Extraction of biomass (related to population); low risk	Local Community/Access to material resources	0.45204	🚥 USD
Fa Extraction of fossil fuels; medium risk	Local Community/Access to material resources	0.45204	🚥 USD



Screenshot from openLCA

#### GreenDeLTa

Name	Impact result	Unit
Active involvement of enterprises in corruption and bribery	0.54980	USD
> 📳 Anti-competitive behaviour or violation of anti-trust and monopoly legislation	0.28423	USD
> 📃 Association and bargaining rights	0.28242	USD
> 📃 Biomass consumption	4.35150	USD
> 📳 Certified environmental management system	1.19371	USD
> 📃 Child Labour, female	0.00136	USD
> 📃 Child Labour, male	0.00136	USD
> 📳 Child Labour, total	0.00136	USD
> 📃 DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water pollution	0.13971	USD
> 📘 Drinking water coverage	0.14084	USD
> Education	0.56924	USD
> 📃 Fair Salary	3.87326	USD
> 📃 Fatal accidents	0.14040	USD
> 📃 Fossil fuel consumption	0.53394	
> 📃 Frequency of forced labour	0.14653	Na
> 📃 Gender wage gap	1.14640	>
> 📃 Goods produced by forced labour	0.00000	>
> 📃 Health expenditure	1.12641	>
> 📃 Illiteracy, female	0.14206	>
> 📃 Illiteracy, male	0.14172	>
> 📃 Illiteracy, total	0.14172	>
> 📰 Indigenous rights	0.06316	>
> 📃 Industrial water depletion	5.35282	>

Screenshots from openLCA

Value Added

#### Working time

Name	Impact res	Unit
> I	0.00636	Al med ri
> 🚦 Anti-competitive behaviour or violation of anti-trust and monopoly legislation	0.00396	AC med r
> E Association and bargaining rights	0.00091	ACB med
> I	0.05827	BM med r
> 📳 Certified environmental management system	0.02110	CMS med
> 🗄 Child Labour, female	6.01807E-5	CL med ri
> 🗄 Child Labour, male	6.01807E-5	CL med ri
> 📑 Child Labour, total	6.01807E-5	CL med ri
> 📱 DALYs due to indoor and outdoor air and water pollution	0.00195	DALY me
> 📃 Drinking water coverage	0.00203	DW med
> 📃 Education	0.00810	E med ris
> 📑 Fair Salary	0.01915	FS med ri
> \Xi Fatal accidents	0.00198	FA med ri
> IE Fossil fuel consumption	0.00717	FF med ri
> IE Frequency of forced labour	0.00236	FL med ri
> 📑 Gender wage gap	0.01447	GW med
> 📃 Goods produced by forced labour	0.00000	GFL med
> 🗄 Health expenditure	0.01594	HE med ri
> 🗄 Illiteracy, female	0.00202	I med risk
> 🗄 Illiteracy, male	0.00200	I med risk
> 🗄 Illiteracy, total	0.00200	I med risk
> 📃 Indigenous rights	0.00215	IR med ris





#### Top 5 contributions to impact category results - overview



## Life Cycle Impact Assessment

#### **Characterization factors**

#### Usually the following factors are used

Risk level	Factor
Very low risk	0.01
Low risk	0.1
Medium risk	1
High risk	10
Very high risk	100
No risk/ opportunity	0
Low opportunity	0.1
Medium opportunity	1
High opportunity	10
No data	0.1





## **PSILCA** variants



#### **PSILCA variants**

- Database available in <u>3 different variants Starter</u>, Professional, Developer – distinguished by:
  - Completeness of data (regarding the valuation basis)
  - Data quality information
  - Applied cut-off criterion



#### **PSILCA variants**

#### Features

	Starter	Professional	Developer	SimaPro
Risk-assessed indicators	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
General information about sources	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Raw values (initial values)	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-
Information about data quality per process	-	-	$\checkmark$	-
Possibility to change risk levels on process level	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Possibility to change overall risk evaluation scheme	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-
Cut-off	1E-5	1E-7	none	1E-4





# More information



### **More information**

#### **PSILCA manual:**

Ciroth, A./ Eisfeldt, F. (2017): *PSILCA – A Product Social Impact Life Cycle Assessment database. Database version 2.0. Documentation* 

available at: <a href="https://psilca.net/">http://psilca.net/</a> and <a href="https://psilca.net/">http://www.openlca.org/learning/</a>



#### Free resources

To help you get started with openLCA, we are providing many free resources, from manuals on the software to handbooks on specific topics, to guidance on impacts assessment methods and some ready to use case studies to get inspiration on modeling your own LCA study.

#### Manuals and presentations

Sometimes it is good to have a more comprehensive text which explains details – this section contains some manuals for different openLCA versions and related, typically more specific, topics. Also the format converter documentation is available.

openLCA, general	Specific topics	Databases	Presentations	Format converter
		k		

L	Learning and Support
	Free resources
	Manuals
	Case studies
	Videos
	Trainings
	Service contracts
	More services
	LCA data



Which social phenomena are considered to be important and have to be observed in a study might differ between projects, societies or even researchers. Therefore, many projects about social impacts of products start with yet another compilation and synopsis of social measures. A final, agreed list of indicators does not exist yet. In order to make the database broadly applicable, PSILCA aims to cover all social aspects that are nowadays in discussion.

The current, first version of the database contains information on 54 gualitative and quantitative social aspects addressing 18 subcategories. These subcategories relate to four main stakeholders: workers, value chain actors, local community, and society.





### Purchase

Prices and further description under:

https://nexus.openlca. org/database/PSILCA

#### PSILCA 🔘

#### Info Details Use advice

PSILCA is a new database for social LCA developed by GreenDelta. It contains comprehensive generic inventory information for almost 15,000 industry sectors and commodities, for calculating and assessing social impacts of products along their life cycles, and for detecting social hotspots.

Each PSILCA database licence includes a free, web-based 2-hour introductory course, provided by social LCA specialists experienced in using the database.

Note: If you want to upgrade an existing PSILCA Starter or Professional licence, please contact us directly under nexus@greendelta.com.

If you consider to provide data for PSILCA, please contact us directly under psilca@greendelta.com. Depending on your contribution, we will offer a discount of up to 75% on your database licence.

Ordering databases is also possible outside of Nexus. Additional fees may apply. Please see here for more details. If you are interested, send us a message.

#### PSILCA - Starter & SimaPro Database details





## Thank you!

## Greendelta

sustainability consulting + software

Contact **Franziska Eisfeldt** GreenDelta GmbH Muellerstrasse 135, 13349 Berlin **eisfeldt@greendelta.com** www.greendelta.com



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- Weidema, B.P., Wesnæs, M.S., 1996. Data quality management for life cycle inventories: an example of using data quality indicators. J. Clean. Prod. 4, 167–174.



## References

Pictures of transition slides:

- Picture 1: <u>http://www.dtoday.de/cms\_media/module\_img/749/374687\_1\_ressort\_51f7b43cf3e48.jpg</u>, last access: 27.08.2015
- Picture 2: <u>https://c2.staticflickr.com/8/7206/6986180861\_c5ebaf9634\_b.jpg</u>, last access: 27.10.2015

